Effective Programming Practices for Economists

Scientific Computing

Calculations between arrays

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Two types of multiplication

```
>>> a = np.arange(4).reshape(2, 2)
>>> b = np.linspace(0.1, 0.4, 4).reshape(2, 2)
>>> h
array([[0.1, 0.2],
       [0.3, 0.4]])
>>> a * b
array([[0., 0.2],
       [0.6, 1.2]])
>>> a @ b
array([[0.3, 0.4],
       [1.1, 1.6]])
>>> a.dot(b)
array([[0.3, 0.4],
       [1.1, 1.6]])
```

- means elementwise multiplication
- and ...dot mean matrix multiplication
- Both generalize to high dimensions
- They have different requirements on array shapes

Other operations between arrays

```
>>> a = np.arange(3)
>> b = np.ones(3)
>>> a + b
array([1., 2., 3.])
>>> a - b
array([-1., 0., 1.])
>>> a / b
array([0., 1., 2.])
>>> b / a
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered
array([inf, 1., 0.5])
>>> (b * 2) ** a
array([1., 2., 4.])
```

- Addition, subtraction and division work as expected
- Division by zero does not raise an error
- Exponentiation uses `**`