

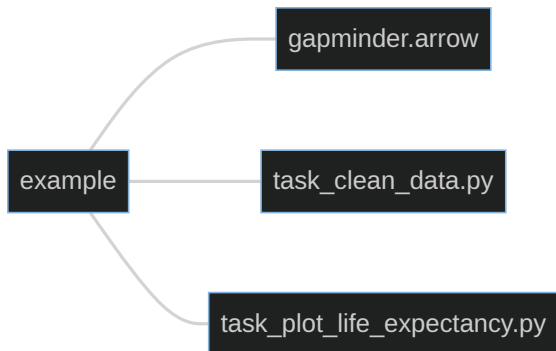
Effective Programming Practices for Economists

Reproducible Research

What does pytask do?

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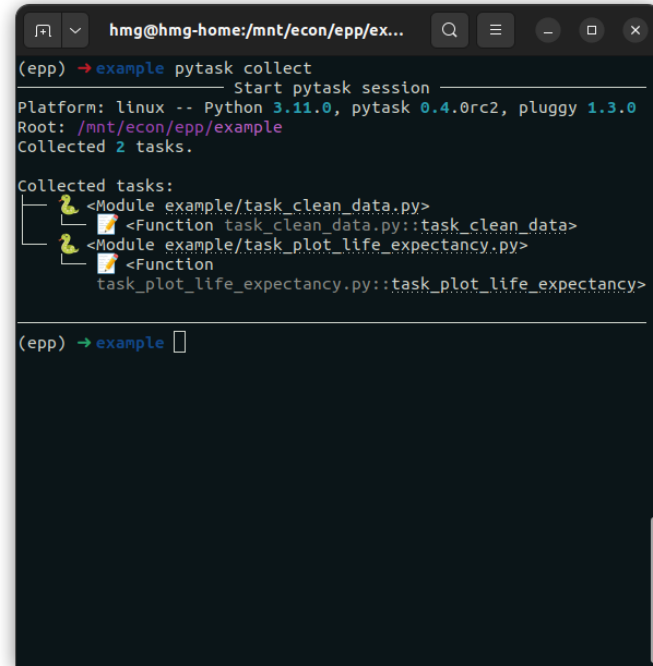
A tiny example project



- `example/task_clean_data.py`
 - Contains the function `task_clean_data`
 - If called, the function reads in `example/gapminder.arrow` and produces `example/bld/data.pkl`
- `example/task_plot_life_expectancy.py`
 - Contains the function `task_plot_life_expectancy`
 - If called, the function reads in `example/bld/data.pkl` and produces `example/bld/life_expectancy.svg`

Step 1: collection


- Go through all folders in working directory
- Collect all files with name ``task_XXX.py``
- Go through those files and collect all functions that start with ``task_``
- Task functions and their (default) inputs will be used to construct the workflow



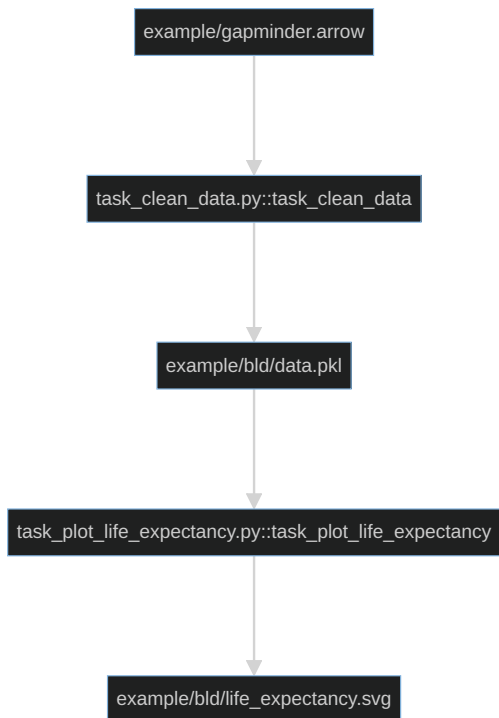
```
hmg@hmg-home:/mnt/econ/epp/ex...
(epp) → example pytask collect
Start pytask session
Platform: linux -- Python 3.11.0, pytask 0.4.0rc2, pluggy 1.3.0
Root: /mnt/econ/epp/example
Collected 2 tasks.

Collected tasks:
├─ <Module example/task_clean_data.py>
│   └─ <Function task_clean_data.py::task_clean_data>
├─ <Module example/task_plot_life_expectancy.py>
│   └─ <Function
│       task_plot_life_expectancy.py::task_plot_life_expectancy>
└─
```

Step 2: Dependency graph (DAG)

- Inspect function signatures to build a dependency graph 
- `\produces`` describes function output
- Other arguments are function dependencies
- DAG structure enables to determine an order of execution that respects dependency structure (topological sort)

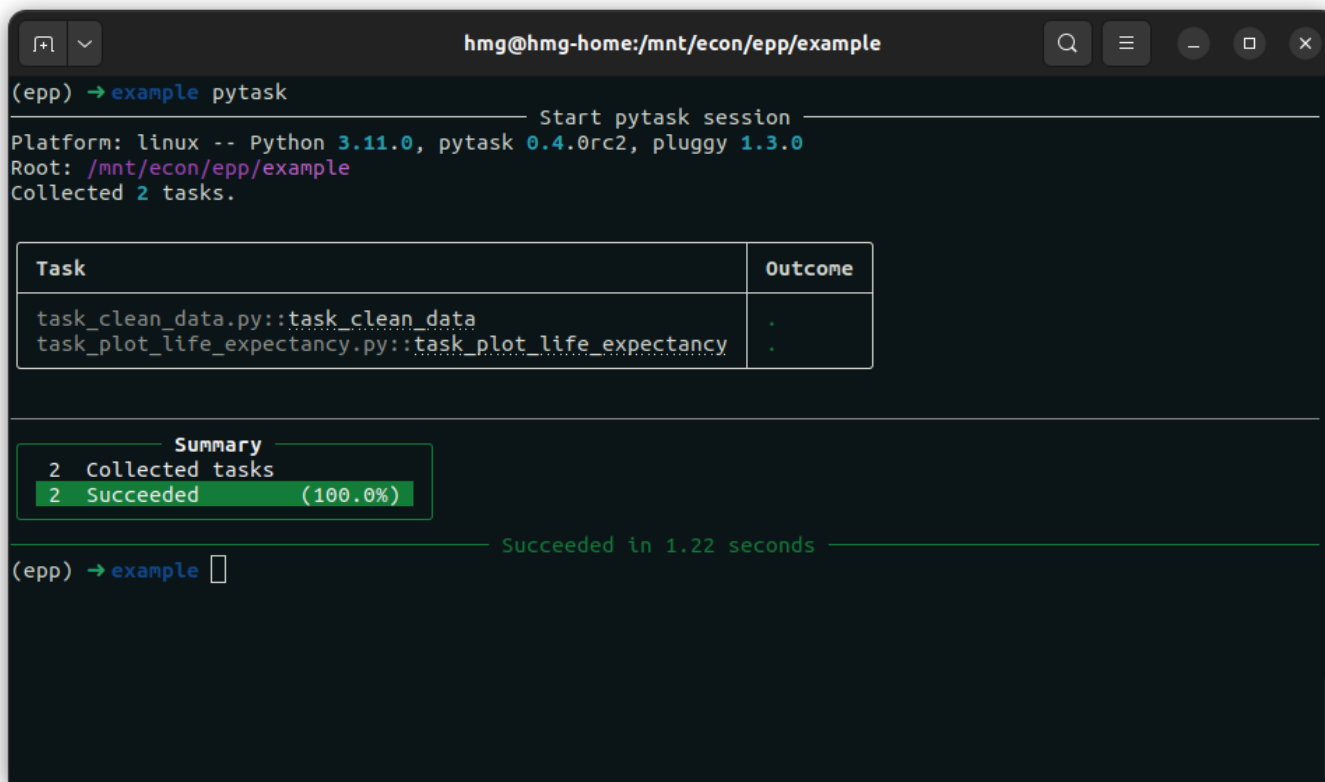
Can you see the DAG?



Step 3: Track changes and execute

- Pytask knows which files should need to be generated
- Also keeps track on when code or products have changed
- Functions are only run if:
 - They have changed
 - A dependency has changed
- Huge time savings in large empirical projects!

Run for the first time



```
hmg@hmg-home:/mnt/econ/epp/example
(epp) → example pytask
----- Start pytask session -----
Platform: linux -- Python 3.11.0, pytask 0.4.0rc2, pluggy 1.3.0
Root: /mnt/econ/epp/example
Collected 2 tasks.



| Task                                                    | Outcome |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| task_clean_data.py::task_clean_data                     | .       |
| task_plot_life_expectancy.py::task_plot_life_expectancy | .       |



```

Summary
2 Collected tasks
2 Succeeded (100.0%)

```


----- Succeeded in 1.22 seconds -----
(epp) → example
```

Delete plot and run again

```
hmg@hmg-home:/mnt/econ/epp/example
(epp) → example rm bld/life_expectancy.svg
(epp) → example pytask
----- Start pytask session -----
Platform: linux -- Python 3.11.0, pytask 0.4.0rc2, pluggy 1.3.0
Root: /mnt/econ/epp/example
Collected 2 tasks.
```

Task	Outcome
task_plot_life_expectancy.py::task_plot_life_expectancy	.

```
----- Summary -----
2 Collected tasks
1 Succeeded (50.0%)
1 Skipped because unchanged (50.0%)
----- Succeeded in 0.87 seconds -----
(epp) → example
```


Delete cleaned data and run again

```
hmg@hmg-home:/mnt/econ/epp/example
(epp) → example rm bld/data.pkl
(epp) → example pytask

----- Start pytask session -----
Platform: linux -- Python 3.11.0, pytask 0.4.0rc2, pluggy 1.3.0
Root: /mnt/econ/epp/example
Collected 2 tasks.
```

Task	Outcome
task_clean_data.py::task_clean_data	.
task_plot_life_expectancy.py::task_plot_life_expectancy	.

```
----- Summary -----
2 Collected tasks
2 Succeeded (100.0%)

----- Succeeded in 0.95 seconds -----
(epp) → example
```